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Rev. 07/10/02

HEALTH AND SAFETY PROJECT SUMMARY RAPID RESPONSE LEAD CONTAMINATION REMEDIATION FOR NL INDUSTRIES/TARACORP SUPERFUND SITE IN GRANITE CITY, VENICE, AND MADISON, ILLINOIS

Submitted to:

Department of the Army Corps of Engineers Omaha, Nebraska

Prepared by:

OHM Remediation Services Corp.

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Reviewed by:

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Midwest Region

September 3, 1993 Project # 13407

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EXHIBIT I: Amendment to Site Safety and Health Plan

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- Work for this project involved excavation and disposal of lead contaminated fill material placed in alleys, parking lots, driveways and yards in residential communities located in Granite City, Madison, and Venice, Illinois.
- 2.2 The NL Industries/Taracorp Plant is a former secondary lead smelting operation. Property adjacent to the plant was used to separate wastes for recycling. Lead contaminated battery casings were crushed and used as fill material in residential communities in and around Granite City, Illinois.

2.0 PROJECT SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

2.1 SUMMARY

- 2.1.1 One amendment was made to the Site Safety and Health Plan (SSHP) to address changes made to the level of personal protection required. Refer to Exhibit I of this report for a copy of the amendment.
- 2.1.2 One OSHA recordable accident took place on-site. The accident did not result in any lost work time and appropriate provisions were made to prevent future incidents.
- 2.1.3 Task specific hazard evaluations were performed each day at each work site prior to the start of work.
- 2.1.4 Air monitoring data was used at this project to ensure that appropriate personal protection was being used for site conditions. Personnel medical monitoring was performed prior to and at the end of the project to determine lead levels in the blood.
- 2.1.5 MINIRAM data was used to determine when dust control measures should be implemented to prevent/control exposure as well as perimeter emissions. Data collected indicated 26 instances where the action level was exceeded; visual criteria was used to determine when to implement dust control.
- 2.1.6 Perimeter sampling data for total lead indicated 10 samples with concentrations above the detection limit. Visible dust emanating from the site perimeter was used as criteria for implementing dust control.
- 2.1.7 Personnel air sampling data indicated 13 detectable readings for total lead. Only four of those exceeded the action level of 15.0 µg/m³, set by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), all of which were recorded prior to 6/2/93; personnel were outfitted in Level C PPE and were therefore adequately protected for the lead levels registered. There were no recorded cases of personnel overexposure to ambient lead levels.

2.2 CONCLUSIONS

- 2.2.1 The SSHP was effectively implemented to address the health and safety hazards associated with each phase of site operations, and to meet the requirements set forth in 29 CFR 1910.120.
- 2.2.3 OHM Health and Safety Department concludes that the existing location-specific safety and health plan (SSHP) is appropriate for future phases of work at this site involving the same work activities.
- 2.2.3 Future work should be performed in Level D PPE with appropriate air monitoring to verify the selection of PPE. An action level of 30 μg/m³ should be used to warrant controls. Once monitoring shows consistent readings below the action level, the amount and frequency of air monitoring shall be appropriately limited/reduced.
- 2.2.4 Special attention should be paid to prevent any recordable accidents and near misses during the course of future work. Routine tasks should be reviewed and evaluated for potential hazards. Daily safety meetings should be implemented to prevent injuries on-site.

3.0 SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN EVALUATION

- 3.1 A location-specific safety and health plan was issued before the start of this project to address the health and safety hazards associated with each phase of site operations; the plan met the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.120.
- 3.2 The phases of work addressed in the SSHP include the following:

Mobilization
Installation of perimeter fence
Bag and stockpile non-hazardous material*
Soil sampling
Excavation of contaminated soil
Load-out of contaminated soil
Backfill of excavation
Restoration of disturbed areas
Decontamination and demobilization

- *Once on site, waste materials were designated to be direct loaded into dump trucks instead of being bagged.
- 3.4 Provisions were made to address heavy equipment, excavation and other physical hazards. Hazards associated with vehicle and pedestrian traffic in the work areas near roadways were controlled by the use of warning signs, men at work signs, and road guards to direct traffic. Personal protective equipment provisions were made to minimize exposure to lead contamination for personnel on-site, as well as to limit off-site emissions.
- 3.5 The minimum of Level C personal protection was required at the start of work on this project, to include the following:

Full-face air purifying respirator with GMC-H cartridges Hard had
Polycoated Tyvek coveralls
Steel toed boots
Nylon booties (inner)
Robar/Tingley boots (outer)
Vinyl sample gloves (inner)
Cloth, leather, or PVC gloves (outer)

- 3.6 An amendment was made to the SSHP for downgrading the level of personal protective equipment (PPE) from Level C to Level D for personnel working in the exclusion zone. This amendment was issued based on air monitoring data analysis showing non-detectable levels or levels of ambient lead contamination consistently below the action level for samples taken in the excavation areas. The amendment was issued by the site safety officer, under the direction of the Regional Health and Safety Manager, who is certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene. The amendment was approved June 2, 1993 by USACE Representative, Chuck Malin. Refer to Exhibit I for a copy of the amendment.
- 3.7 The downgrade of PPE made provisions for personnel to wear Level D PPE during site activities, to include the following protective equipment:

Hard hat
Safety glasses
Steel toed leather safety shoes/boots
Polycoated Tyvek coveralls
Nylon booties (under) and Robars/Tingleys (outer)
Inner sample gloves - outer cloth or leather gloves

3.8 An action level of 15.0 µg/m³ of airborne lead, as determined by integrated sampling, was set by USACE to upgrade the level of PPE to Level C, including use of an air purifying respirator. Air monitoring was performed for the duration of remedial activities to ensure proper PPE use.

4.0 SITE SAFETY

4.1 Accidents

Employee safety during work on this project was OHM's first priority. During the course of this project, one OSHA recordable accident occurred, involving a cut to an employee's knuckle and finger while he was working on a metal fence post. The employee received stitches and was able to return to work without recording any lost work time. The accident was investigated and the potential hazard was brought to the attention of site personnel during a morning safety meeting the following day. The employees were instructed to use protective leather/cut resistant work gloves during activities involving sharp surfaces and tools and to protect sharp or dangerous work surfaces as feasible.

4.2 Preventive Measures

4.2.1 A number of measures were taken on-site to prevent accidents and injuries. Daily safety meetings were held to discuss hazards associated with upcoming work tasks, the use of specific tools and equipment, and other chemical, physical and environmental hazards associated with site work. Task specific hazard evaluations were performed each day at each work site prior to the start of work.

Controls were used to eliminate the hazards associated with vehicle and pedestrian traffic near the work locations. Warning signs were posted and guards were used to direct traffic.

- 4.2.2 A heat stress prevention program was instituted on-site. Personnel heat stress monitoring was performed to control the onset of heat related illnesses during work in high ambient temperatures. Employees' body weights were recorded at the start of the work shift and were rechecked at the end of the shift to determine any change in body weight potentially due to fluid loss.
- 4.2.3 Site workers' pulse, body temperature, and blood pressure were taken before and after each break. Work-rest schedules were determined by the results of this monitoring in accordance with the SSHP heat stress monitoring criteria.

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4.2.4 Specific work-rest regimens were established at the start of every work day, based on the specific work conditions for that day (temperature, time of day, amount of sun or shade, etc.) Breaks were taken as designated throughout the work shift in shady areas, with personal protective equipment removed, cool liquids (juice, water) provided. Visual observation by a designated safety official was used to identify individuals exhibiting symptoms of heat related illness and to take the necessary action.

5.0 EXPOSURE MONITORING

Work for the Granite City project involved excavation of lead contaminated soil and battery casings at various sites throughout Granite City, Madison, and Venice, Illinois. The potential for exposure to these contaminants existed through dust migration in the air and personnel and equipment tracking.

5.1 Methodology

Air monitoring was performed to determine the ambient levels of total suspended particulates generated during excavation, and to determine total ambient lead exposure for site personnel and perimeter emissions. Wind direction at the start of each work day was used to determine the placement of sampling instruments on-site. Refer to Exhibit II for the air monitoring protocol used during site operations.

5.1.1 Direct Reading

Direct reading aerosol monitors (MINIRAM Aerosol Monitor, Model PDM-3 or equivalent) were used to determine levels of total suspended particulates (dust) at each excavation site.

The MINIRAM operates based on the detection of scattered electromagnetic radiation (light.) The MINIRAM requires no pump for its operation, and is designed to respond to particle sizes in the range of 0.1 to 10 μ m (micrometers) It displays its results as mg/m³, and the measurement ranges are 0.01 to 10 mg/m³ and 0.1 to 100 mg/m³, \pm 0.02 mg/m³ (1 minute averaging.) MINIRAMS were zeroed daily before each reading (approximately every 30 minutes) to ensure effective measurements.

MINIRAMS were used on-site to supplement visual observation in providing effective dust control. Three samples were taken approximately every 30 minutes during site operation; one sample was taken upwind of excavation operations and two were taken downwind. Results were recorded in a logbook kept on-site.

5.1.2 Integrated Sampling

Personnel and perimeter samples were taken to determine the levels of total lead in the air in the personal breathing zone and at the site perimeter. Lead samples were collected and analyzed using NIOSH method 7082, using battery

operated air sampling pumps (Gillian or equivalent) fitted with 37 mm mixed cellulose ester (MCE) filters, 0.8 micron pore diameter.

5.1.2.1 Perimeter Sampling

Three perimeter samples were taken daily over the course of the work shift. One sample was taken upwind of site operations and two were taken downwind. Perimeter samples were taken above ground level (approximately 4-5 feet in height) to characterize the breathing zone and to prevent contamination due to foot traffic. The pump flowrate was calibrated and set at about 10 liters per minute for the duration of the task (approximately 8 hours.)

Pumps were calibrated using a secondary standard, a rotameter, to determine the sample flowrate. Calibration readings and sample results were documented in project logbooks kept on-site. Analytical and calibration data are available in the OHM Findlay, Ohio office. Refer to Exhibit III for samples of this data.

5.1.2.2 **Personnel Sampling**

Personnel air samples for lead were taken for a representative number of employees performing intrusive activities within the exclusion zone (one employee from each job category - at least two employees per day.) The samples were taken in the person's breathing zone for the duration of the shift worked on that day.

Samples were collected at the end of the work day and sent to the analytical lab for analysis for total lead. A blank sample was included in the shipment.

Samples were assigned identification numbers based on an established code. Refer to Exhibit II, section 4.3, for a copy of the code.

The analytical laboratory used was Chemtex, 3082 25th Street, Port Arthur, Texas. Standard turnaround for sample results was 24 hours by facsimile; original data was mailed.

Direct reading (MINIRAM) and integrated (perimeter) samples were taken in approximately the same locations (within 3 feet) at the work sites. Maps depicting a typical air monitoring set-up for each excavation site are presented in Exhibit IV of this report, detailing the location of real-time monitors and perimeter pumps.

5.1.3 Medical Monitoring

Personnel blood lead levels were determined prior to and after the completion of work for this project. Monitoring was performed in accordance with the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1025 for personnel working in contaminated areas.

5.2 Action Levels

Action levels were determined for use with the MINIRAM by taking a predetermined average, provided by USACE, and adding it to the background reading taken at the start of the work shift.

The action level was used to determine when dust control measures should be implemented. If the action level was exceeded during the course of work, and was believed to be caused by site activities (i.e. downwind of excavation), operations would cease and wet spray control measures would be implemented to reduce/eliminate dust emissions. Work in the work zone resumed once visible emissions were controlled and readings dropped to below the action level.

During lead excavation operations for this project, the specified action levels for the MINIRAM and personnel monitoring were exceeded 26 and 4 times respectively, primarily at the Missouri Avenue site. The majority of these readings were results of upwind samples, attributed to area vehicle traffic rather than site operations.

5.3 Sample Results

5.3.1 MINIRAM Monitoring

Readings were taken daily on-site, approximately every 30 minutes, using the MINIRAM; one upwind and two downwind of excavation/intrusive activities.

The total dust levels detected by the MINIRAM over the course of this project ranged from Non-detectable (ND < 0.01 mg/m³) which reads 0.00 on the monitor, to about 4.0 mg/m³ of total dust. The majority of these readings did not exceed their location specific action levels, and did not exceed the ACGIH TLV of 10 mg/m³. The readings were used in conjunction with visible dust levels to indicate when dust control measures were needed (wet spray.)

The following is a listing of some of the instances in which the action levels for total dust were exceeded and the surrounding circumstances:

Table 5.3-1 MINIRAM READINGS ABOVE THE ACTION LEVEL (AL)

NUMBER > AL (mg/m ²	AL (mg/i	LOCATION m³)	DATE	OPERATIONS PERFORMED
1 @ .23 1 @ .21	0.17	Missouri Av (downwind)	4/15/93	Loading truck, excavating
1 @ .18 1 @ .23 1 @ .15	0.14	Missouri Av (upwind)	4/16/93	Excavating, loading, clearing fence line
3 @1.46 8 @ 2.09 3 @2.10	0.25	Missouri Av (upwind)	4/21/93	Excavating, loading trucks
1 @ 2.5	2.49	Missouri Av (upwind)	4/28/93	Soil loadout
1 @ 2.54	2.53	Missouri Av (upwind)	4/29/93	Excavating
2 @ 2.53 2 @ 2.63 1 @ 2.83	2.51	Missouri Av (upwind)	5/6/93	Excavating

The upwind total dust levels detected by the MINIRAM were higher than the downwind levels consistently over the course of work on this project.

5.3.2 Personnel Monitoring

Personnel performing intrusive activities such as operating or spotting an excavator, stockpiling operations, hand excavating, loading soils, etc. were sampled for total airborne lead exposure. Samples were taken in the individual's breathing zone, using Gillian sampling pumps equipped with 37 mm cassettes. NIOSH method 7082 was used for sampling and analysis.

The majority of samples analyzed showed non-detectable levels* of lead.

Detectable lead levels were found under the following circumstances as listed:

Table 5.3-1
PERSONNEL LEAD MONITORING RESULTS

DATE	LEVEL (mg/m³)	LOCATION	ACTIVITY
4/23/93	0.00021	Missouri Ave	Guiding/lining trucks
4/27/93	0.4120	Missouri Ave	Guiding/lining trucks; hand excavating
5/13/93	0.0510	Missouri Ave	Hand excavating
5/17/93	0.1320	Terry St	Spotting, placing bows on trucks
5/18/93	0.009	Hill	Hand excavating
•	0.0610	Hill	Hand excavating
	0.0020	Harrison	Spotter
5/19/93	0.0100	Harrison	Spotter, erecting bows
6/7/93	0.0021	Terry St	Hand excavating
6/18/93	0.0056	Cleveland	Hand excavating; spotter
6/25/93	0.0021	Delmar	Truck loading
6/29/93	0.0015	Terry St	Excavator operator
6/30/93	0.0014	Cleveland	Operator

^{*}Non-detectable levels ranged from <0.0002 to <0.0025 mg/m³

Until the addendum to the HASP was made (6/2/93), site personnel working in the exclusion zone wore MSA full face air purifying respirators with GMC-H cartridges at all times.

As is evident in the personnel monitoring data, the highest detectable level of lead was 0.4120 mg/m³ 8-hour TWA. This individual as well as the majority of

personnel with detectable exposure levels of lead over the AL were performing very close, intrusive operations such as hand excavating lead contaminated soils. Other personnel were spotting excavator operations, which put them in close proximity to the dusts generated during excavation. As all of these readings (>AL) were logged before 6/2/93, personnel were outfitted in Level C PPE including an air purifying respirator at all times during the course of work. There were no readings over the action level after 6/2/93, and therefore the level of protection (Level D) was appropriate for work being performed.

5.3.3 Perimeter Monitoring

Perimeter sampling for lead levels emanating from the site was conducted using the same sampling and analytical method as the personnel sampling; however the pumps were mounted and positioned around the perimeter of the site (1 upwind and 2 downwind), in approximately the same locations as the MINIRAMS.

Perimeter sample results indicated predominantly non-detectable lead levels*. The following list presents detectable lead levels and the surrounding circumstances:

Table 5.3-2
PERIMETER MONITORING RESULTS

DATE	LOCATION	READING (mg/m³)	ACTIVITY
5/17/93	Terry	0.0005 (upwind)	Stocking and loading trucks
 .	•••	0.0017 (downwind)	Stocking and loading trucks
6/4/93	Weber	0.00095 (upwind)	Loading trucks
6/7/93	Terry	0.00195 (upwind)	Excavating
6/9/93	Missouri Av	0.0038 (upwind)	Loading trucks
6/15/93	Colgate	0.0006 (upwind)	Excavating
6/16/93	Cleveland	0.0022 (upwind)	Excavating
6/23/93	Delmar	0.0004 (upwind)	Excavating
6/28/93	Delmar	0.0009 (upwind)	Excavating
6/29/93	Terry .	0.0009 (upwind)	Excavating

^{*} Non-detectable levels ranged from <0.00025 to <0.002 mg/m³

EXHIBIT I AMENDMENT TO SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN

AMMENDMENT TO SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN RAPID RESPONSE LEAD CONTAMINATION REMEDIATION

The following changes will be made in the levels of protection to be worn during excavation and load-out of contaminated soil operations as written in section 6.3 Task Specific Protection Level of the Site Safety Plan.

Modified Level D will be permitted during excavating/loading activities in the exclusion zone due to our successful use of engineering controls (wetting techniques) and the supporting analytical results of non-detectable lead in air concentrations obtained through personal and perimeter air monitoring.

Modified Level D will be as follows:

Hard Hat
Safety Glasses
Steel Toed Leather Safety Shoes or Boots
Polycoated Tyvek
Nylon Booties (inner) - Robars or Tingles (outer)
Inner Sample Gloves - Outer Cloth or Leather Gloves

Chuck Malin of the USACE has reviewed the supporting analytical data and the conditions on which the downgrade has been set. Downgrade was approved June 2, 1993 at 1430 by USACE Representative, Chuck Malin.

EXHIBIT II AIR MONITORING PROTOCOL

PROTOCOL FOR AIR MONITORING RAPID RESPONSE LEAD CONTAMINATION REMEDIATION

1 Purpose

- 1.1 The purpose of this protocol is to document the methods used to perform air monitoring at the Lead Remediation Project in Granite City, Illinois.
- 1.2 The monitoring is intended to meet the requirements of the OSHA standard for personnel exposure to lead, 29 CFR 1910.1025.

2 Scope

- 2.1 Air monitoring for total airborne dust is performed using a direct reading instrument, equivalent to MIE Miniram Aerosol Monitor, Model PDM-3.
- 2.2 Monitoring for airborne lead in the personnel breathing zone is performed using a battery operated sampling pump worn during the workshift.
- 2.3 Monitoring for airborne lead at the perimeter of the exclusion zone is performed using an electrically powered pump, operated for the duration of the work during the day.

3 Operating Protocol

3.1 Direct Reading Instruments

- 3.1.1 Each instrument is designed to measure total dust. An action level has been established for each individual project site.
 - 3.1.1.1 The action levels are documented in section 9.7 of the Safety and Health Plan.
 - 3.1.1.2 The allowable concentration for a particular site was established according to the concentration of lead found in the soil at the site.

- 3.1.2 Direct reading instruments are placed on a tripod and located at the perimeter of the exclusion zone.
- 3.1.3 Two monitors are located downwind, one instrument is located upwind.
- 3.1.4 Instruments are calibrated by the factory, at least every twelve months.

3.2 Personnel Air Samples

- 3.2.1 Air samples are collected to measure total lead in the personnel breathing zone. The procedures for collection and analysis are equivalent to the procedure, NIOSH 7082.
- 3.2.2 A mixed cellulose ester filter, 0.8 micron pore diameter, is used to collect the sample. The pump flowrate is calibrated and is set at 2 liters per minute (L/min).
- 3.2.3 The pump is operated for the duration of the task and terminated at the end of the shift.
- 3.2.4 The pump is attached to the technician with the filter cassette located in the breathing zone. The pump is placed inside the disposable coveralls.
- 3.2.5 At least two samples are collected each day for two different people.
- The air flowrate is measured using a primary calibration standard, equivalent to a Gillian Gillabrator. The flowrate, measured in the afternoon, is recorded on a log sheet and is used as the beginning flowrate for the next day. The battery for the pump is charged overnight.

3.3 Perimeter Air Samples

3.3.1 Air samples are collected to measure total lead at the perimeter of the exclusion zone. The procedures for sample analysis are equivalent to the procedure. NIOSH 7082.

- Page 3 of 3
- 3.3.2 A mixed cellulose ester filter, 0.8 micron pore diameter, is used to collect the sample. The pump flowrate is calibrated and is set at approximately 10 liters per minute (L/min).
- 3.3.3 The pump is operated for the duration of the task and terminated at the end of the shift.
- 3.3.4 The filter cassette is attached to a tripod at approximately 5 feet from the ground and located at the perimeter of the exclusion zone.
- 3.3.5 Two monitors are located downwind, one instrument is located upwind, near the direct reading instruments.
- i.i.o instruments are calibrated by the factory, at least every twelve months.
- 5.5.7 The air flowrate is measured using a secondary calibration standard. Specifically, the rotameter is used to estimate the sample flowrate. The flowrate is measured in the afternoon is recorded on a log sheet and is used as the beginning flowrate for the next day. The battery for the pump is charged overnight.

4 Sample Analysis

- 4.1 The samples are retrieved at the end of the day and sent to the analytical lab for analysis of total lead. A blank is included in the shipment.
- 4.2 Results for samples are listed in a project loobook. The activities performed during the day are listed in the sampling log book.

Air Monitoring Protocol Rapid Response Lead Remediation Date Revised: 04/02/93

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4.3 The sample number is selected using the following code:

- XXX Abbreviation for the site or.
- PER for a personnel sample.
 00 Sequential sample number for the day of
- collection.
 XX Abbreviation for person who collected the sample or the initials of the person who wore the personnel pump.
- 000 Sequential Workday number or the month and day when the sample was collected.
- 4.3.1 The sample number for an area sample collected on April 14. 1993 at the Missouri Avenue site by Mark Proctor is Missimpol.
- 4.3.2 The sample number for a personnel sample collected on April 14. 1993 for John Hester 1s PERCIJH414.

EXHIBIT III SAMPLES OF ANALYTICAL AND LOGGED DATA

dor specol worke, Cheningham 2 towns ++0664, Adam =+12. Bellam Crew Shb O and to the wind 2968 HEST EH BLEH 86h5 29 ER 3562 1385 /A 7625 1 # Mini Ram S/N High Val Pumes 5 /M test belons on Weber West compecting, Loncrote sub contraction starting I Beekley, I Hornedy Wicher #50 heckfill ground that being locded outob ALANT 9230 otis ho was to sta Bellman on site out 08 weber . His horn testal + hand by craw oby 2 special weste trucks loaded K Eleck KT Beshler RT Dandridge RT R Sulli. RT I Kenndy 87 6:11:50 peno 9636 R Thois OP 55.50 M Daniel FM stund 125 (2002 on 105 15 HO984 0890 Safety Meeting M Sackman yearl 2090 popol in magain teal basemas 200 SIC MIND TEMP 328 Hum 722 Loung EB-6-9 TH 28. 70d 36.2 28 HIMISHIM 10G

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3 ./5	08.7 4	1230 1 2.85	3,16	2 1.82	1280 / 2.89	3 .15	2 1.84	1/30 / 2.90	3./7	21.85	1100 1 2,90	3 .19	2 1.86	1630 1 2.51	Ram ABBUTT	1 1	OF DAY	0	oncrete Clem	truck weterny		Weller west.	losed twe
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DIRECT READING INSTRUMENT LOG

Project: U.S. Army Carpel Engineer	Job No.: 13407
Date: 6/23/43	Operator: J. Delhoune
Instrument: Minican	Calibration: Amt, Component, Date
Sampling Technique: #/= Up wind	# 2 + 3 = Rows and
208 Terry st	
Sample Interval: 30mi~	
Background Reading:	Predetermined by = .04 mg/2
Action Level/Response: 499n = 143	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Time	Location	. Reading (units)	Detection Limit (Scale)
0730	208 Terry St	W/= 50 NJ - 00 NJ - CD	
D800	11	W= ,55 W2: ,00 W3= .00	
0830	//	W= 61 12: ,00 13= ,00	
0900	((HI= .63 H2= .00 H3= .00	
0970	ч	41= .57 4): 00 43: -00	
1000	((W1= .58 W= .00 H}00	
1030	10	M= 21 M= 00 M= 00	
1130	17	41=,55 N= .00 43= .00	
1200	11	W1= .54 W1= .00 =3= .CO	
1930	N .	41= 62 HJ: 00 H305	
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OHM Corporation	

PERSONAL SAMPLING DATA SHEET

PROJECT #	13407	

DATE: APRIL 15 1993

DAY: THURSDAY

PERFORMED BY: MARK S. PRICTOR

TITLE:

Health + Safety

				37,4m (sts.	FLO	W RATE	(L/MIN)	TIN	/E	
SAMPLE NO.	NAME	TASK PERFORMED	ANALYSIS METHOD	SAMPLING MEDIA	PRE	POST	TOTAL VOL(L)	START	STOP	TOTAL TIME(MIN)
PER 053W HIS	30hr Wysock #5371	wind trucks will visqueen	Lead	Pump 9636	2001/0	2.00/10	960	0900	1700	480 min
PER OF 3H	# 1834	Operating Excavator	Lead	Pennett 6071	200Vn	i	960	0900	1700	480 MIN
	Did NOT	USE TOPAY		Punp# 9892	200//2	2.00lm				
PEROT BSI			Lead	Blank						
			!							
				•						

REMARKS:



PERSONAL SAMPLING DATA SHEET

PROJECT # 13407

DATE: APRIL . 14, 1993

PERFORMED BY: MARK S. PROCTOR

DAY: WEDNESDAY

TITLE: HEALTH & SARRIY

				37mm MCE	FLO	W RATE	(L/MIN)	NIT	ИE	
SAMPLE NO.	NAME	TASK PERFORMED	ANALYSIS METHOD	SAMPLING MEDIA	PRE	POST	TOTAL VOL(L)	START	STOP	TOTAL TIME(MIN)
PEROZ KF	k. Fossy ±5471	DISSING WITH SHOVEL	LEAD	Rump# 6071	2021/m	2.00/m	960 (L) FOT. VOL.	0900	1700	480 MIN
PER03 JW	J. Wysock #5371	DIAGING WITH SHOVEL	LEAD	Runio# 8749	2018/	2.00.c/m	960 (L) TOT. VOL.	0900	1700	480 MIN
				Pump# 9890	2.01/					
PEROI JH	# 1834	OPERATING EVCAVATOR		Runett7171		2.041/m	600 (L) TOT , YOL	1230	1730	300min
			1 -	Pun# 1892	2.00 PM				•	
				Punt 11021	2 m//w					
		<u> </u>		Pump# 4424	2.05 Um					
PER 04 BS 414			LEAD	BLANK						

REMARKS:

16,501,120 Winford

SAMPLE NO. PER 24 JH 422

LOCATION : MISSOURI AVE

EMPLOYEE: JOHN HESTER

ACTIVITY: EXCAVATING MOVING SOILS / CAT 215

EXPOSURE TIME : 540 MIN

SAMPLE REGULTS: < 0.00020 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 4/26/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 304/601

SAMPLE NO. : PER 25 DK 422.

LOCATION : MISSOURI AVE.

EMPLOYEE : DWIGHT KILGORE

ACTIVITY : GUIDING AND LINING TRUCKS

EXPOSURE TIME : 540 MIN

SAMPLE RESULTS: 0.00021 mg/m3

REPORT DATE! 4/26/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 304/602

SAMPLE NO. ! PER 26 BS \$22

LOCATION : MISSOURI AVE.

EMPLOYEE: "BLANK SAMPLE"

ACTIVITY : N/A

EXPOSURE TIME: N/A

SAMPLE RESULTS: LO.00125 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 4/26/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3041603

NOTE: AT ALL TIMES WHILE EMPLOYEES WERE IN
THE EXCLUSION ZONE, MEA FULL FACE RESPIRATORS
WITH GMC. H CARTRIDGES WERE WORN. SAMPLES
WERE COLLECTED IN THE BREATHING ZONE.

ZE IN !RATORS SAMPLES

APRIL 23, 1993

SAMPLE NO. : PER 27 JH 423

LOCATION: MISSOURI AVE.

EMPLOYEE! JOHN HESTER

ACTIVITY: EXCAVATING & MOVING SOILS /CAT 215

Marile July 4

EXPOSURETIME! 480 MIN.

SAMPLE RESULTS: L 0.00020 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 4/26/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX 3041608

SAMPLE NO.: PER 28 DK 423 ...

LOCATION : MISSOURI AVE.

EMPLOYEE: DWIGHT KILGORE

ACTIVITY: GUIDING AND LINING TRUCKS, HAND EXCAVATING

EXPOSURETIME: 480 MIN

Sample Results: LO.00020 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 4/26/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3041609

SAMPLE NO.: PER 29 BS 423

LOCATION: MISSOURI AVE

EMPLOYEE: "BLANK SAMPLE"

ACTIVITY: N/A

EXPOSURETIME: N/4

SAMPLE RESULTS: LO.00125 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 4/26/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3041610

NOTE: AT ALL TIMES WHILE EMPLOYEES WERE
IN THE EXCLUSION ZONE, MSA FULL FACE RESPIRATOR
WITH GMC-H CARTRIDGES WERE WORN. SAMPLES
WERE COLLECTED IN THE BREATHING ZONE

Hum: 6278 לעמעץ לנבתם NOTE: WIND: EAST TEMP. : HI SEOF LOW 670F FERDEMED BY: CHENTEN LAB 3050573 EP/11/2 : 3TAD TANAS KESULTS: 20,00125 Mg/m3 LOCATION: INLISSOURI AVE. (11 BLANK SAMPLE!!) SAMPLE No : MISOH 32 CLSOSOE BAT CHEMIEY LAB 3050572

REPORT DATE: 5/11/93 EMILES L B. BOOTS Mg/m3 SMIPLE TIME: 390 MIN. ACTIVITY: EXCANATINE, STOCKINE, & LOADING SOILS (DOWN WINDS) 3/4. LAUSERIM : WOTH-201 SAMPLE No.: nIISO33DI7

PERCORNED BY: CHEMIEX CHE 305057 REPORT DATE: 5/11/93 EMIPM SLOOD. 87 : SINDS # SAMPLE TIME : 390 MIN'S ACTIVITY: EXCANATING, STOCKANIG, & LOADING SOICS. (duite nued) sit ishuezzion : horasod SAMPLE No : MISO2JO 17

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3050570

REPORT DATE: 5/11/43

FMI EM STOOD . 6 . 22112234

SAMPLE TIME : 390MIN.

ACTIVITY: EXCANATING, STOCILING, & LOADING SOILS (LOLATION: MISSOURI AVE (UDWIND)

SAMPLE NO. : MISOISD 87

E 66/8 KV/N

English Control

11/4/ 7 1493

SAMPLE NO.: MIS 01 JO16 "1

LOCATION: MISSOURI AVE (UPWIND)

ACTIVITY: EXCANATING, STOCKING, & COADING SOILS.

SAMPLE TIME: 240 MIN.

RESULTS: < 0.00050 mg/m 3

REPORT DATE: 5/11/93

TERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3050565

SAMPLE NO. MISO2 JO16

LOCATION: MISSOURI AVE. (DOWN WIND)

ALTIVITY: EXCAVATING, STOCKING, & COADING SOLS.

SAMPLE TIME: 240 MIN.

RESULTS: 20.00050 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 5/11/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEY LAB 3050566

SAMPLE No.: MISO3 JD 16

LOCATION: MISSOURI AVE. (DOWN WIND) _

ACTIVITY: EXCAVATIN, STOCKING, & LOADING SOILS.

SAMPLETIME: 240 MIN.

RESULTS: LO.000 50 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: 5/11/93

PERFORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3050567

SAMPLE NO.: MISOY JD16

LOCATION: MISSOURY AVE. ("BLANK SAMPLE")

RESULTS: < 0.00125 mg/m3

REPORT DATE: _5/11/93

PERPORMED BY: CHEMTEX LAB 3050568

NOTE: WIND: SOUTHEAST TEMA; HI 85 % LOW 65%

Hum. 6990 SUNNY CLEAR



Environmental & Industrial Hygiene Services

Client: O H M Corporation

370 Old Rock Rd.

Granite City, IL 62040

Attn: Mr. Mark Sackman

Report Date: 6/17/93
Sample Source: Filters
Date Collected: 6/16/93
Collected By: Client

Date Received: 6/17/93 CHEMTEX FILE #: 3061312

PROJECT: 13407, U.S. ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS, GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

CHEMTEX #		Sample Identification	Lead (mg/m³)
3061312		CLG01MS02	< 0.00035
3061313		CLG02MS02	< 0.00035
3061314		CLG03MS02	< 0.00035
3061315		CLG04MS02	< 0.00125 mg/Filter
3061316		PER136RT616	< 0.0020
3061317		PER138BS616	< 0.00125 mg/Filter
C	Date Analyzed/ Analyst		6/17/93 KR/DT

Analyzed by NIOSH Method 7082.

Dr. C. N. Reddy, Pk.I

CMM/CNR

AIHA Accredited

AIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORL

Form 0019
Field Technical Services
Rev. 18/20

No. 94460

																	NO. J1100
0.H. M	ATERIALS	CORP	·. ·	•	P.C). BOX 551	• FINDLAY, OH 45	839-0551	•	41	9-42:	3-352	6				
PROJECT NAME U.S. ACM V CREE & Engrises PROJECT LOCATION U.S. ACM V CREE & Engrises PROJECT LOCATION GRAN. #C C'L. I'C PROJECT TELEPHONE NO. 13 407 Mack Sackman CLENT'S REPTRESENTATIVE PROJECT MANAGENERIVISOR CLENT Molin Ours Strick Count										pM SEF	ANALYSIS DESIRED (MOICATE SEPARATE CONTAMERS)						
ol .	SAMPLE NAMER DATE TIME 8				3	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION (INCLUDE MATRIX AND POINT OF SAMPLE)			NUMBER OF CONTAINERS		/>	REMARKS					
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2							Los Martin	7	Tite	15ª		mue to: own Good Gry Data					
3										de Ch. The bapy D							
4								<i>J</i>			SAMPLEN'S SIGNATURE						

CHEMTEX

-

LAB COPY



Environmental & Industrial Hygiene Services

Client: O H M Corporation

370 Old Rock Rd. Granite City, IL 62040

Attn: Mr. Mark Sackman

Report Date: 6/16/93 Sample Source: Filters Date Collected: 6/15/93 Collected By: Client Date Received: 6/16/93 CHEMTEX FILE #: 3061219

PROJECT: 13407, U.S. ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS, GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

CHEMTEX #	Sample <u>Identification</u>	Lead (mg/m ³)
3061219	CVR01JD01	< 0.00055
3061220	CVR02JD01	< 0.00055
3061221	CVR03JD01	< 0.00055
3061222	CVR04BS01	< 0.00125 mg/Filter-

Date Analyzed/ Analyst 6/16/93 KR/DT

Analyzed by NIOSH Method 7082.

Dr. C. N. Reddy, PM.
Director

JLP/CNR

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

Field Technical Services
Rev. 08/89

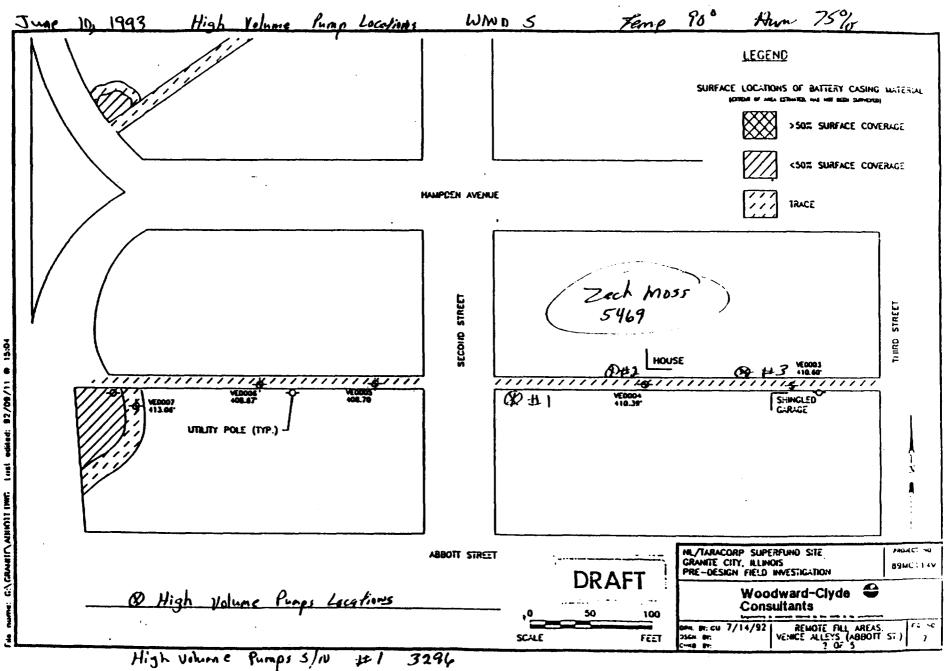
No. 94462

																				
0.1	1. M/	TERIALS	CORP	. •		P.O	. BOX 551	•	FINDLAY, OH 45839-0551	•	419	423	-3526	;						
MOJ.	140	My Cor	1rk	Eng: SAC	k	.cs h <i>A</i> .	PROJECT MANA	le (IMOJE GENSUS GENSUS	City TL LETTELETHONE NO. 18) 876-8553	NUMBER	MADE	CATE	S DES	IREC						
TEM NO.	Luc	CKM,	Alla	r—		F	DAVE	Str MPIE	rickland	Ş Ş Ş	 	/					//			
			DATE	TIME		ঠ			DE MATRIX AND OF SAMPLE)	<u> </u>	1/4	Z	2	1/2	<u>Y</u> ,	_			REMARKS	CHEMTEY
1/2	.vR	015001	5/23	7/1	x		SACVEC	St	te (up wind	1	1			Ш					L/m	30002
2	VRC) <u>)</u>	40/13	D4724	ls		37 an cas	seH	e (Down wand	1.						İ		2400 6	TOT UPL	306122
1 1		37001	4/19/93	7/49	X		37 mm cas		- Down wood	-			1	\prod				2400 [. TOT USL	306120
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	2			///	/) 6	16193 10301	im			_	P	7	U.	ota	To:	OHMC	d Rock Ro
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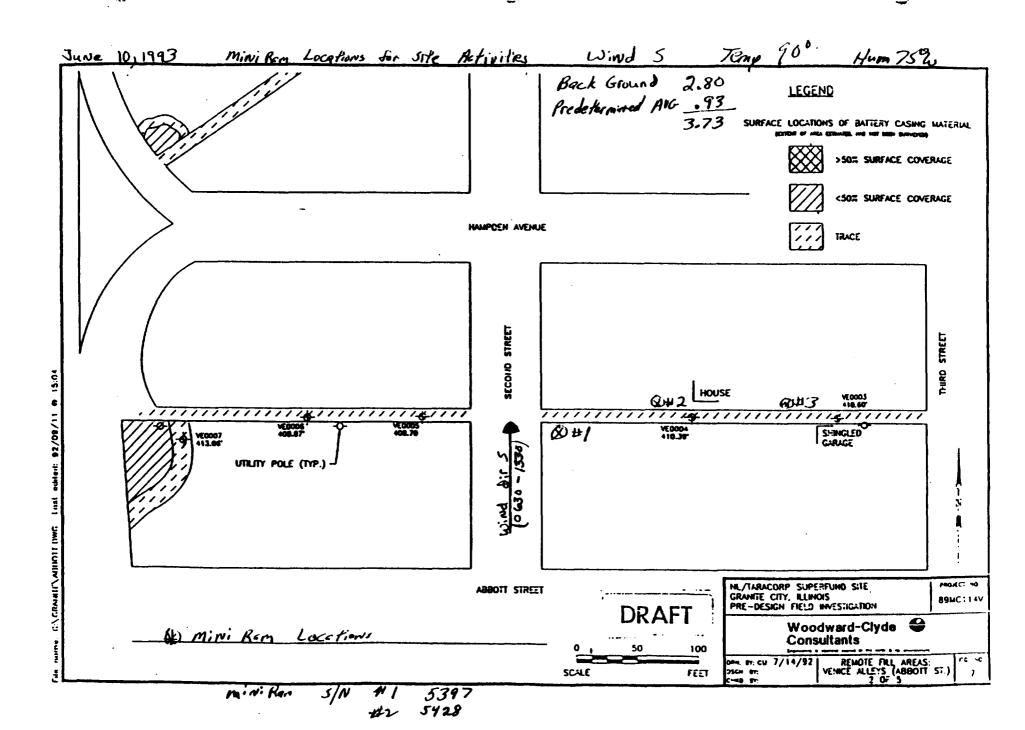
CHEMTEX

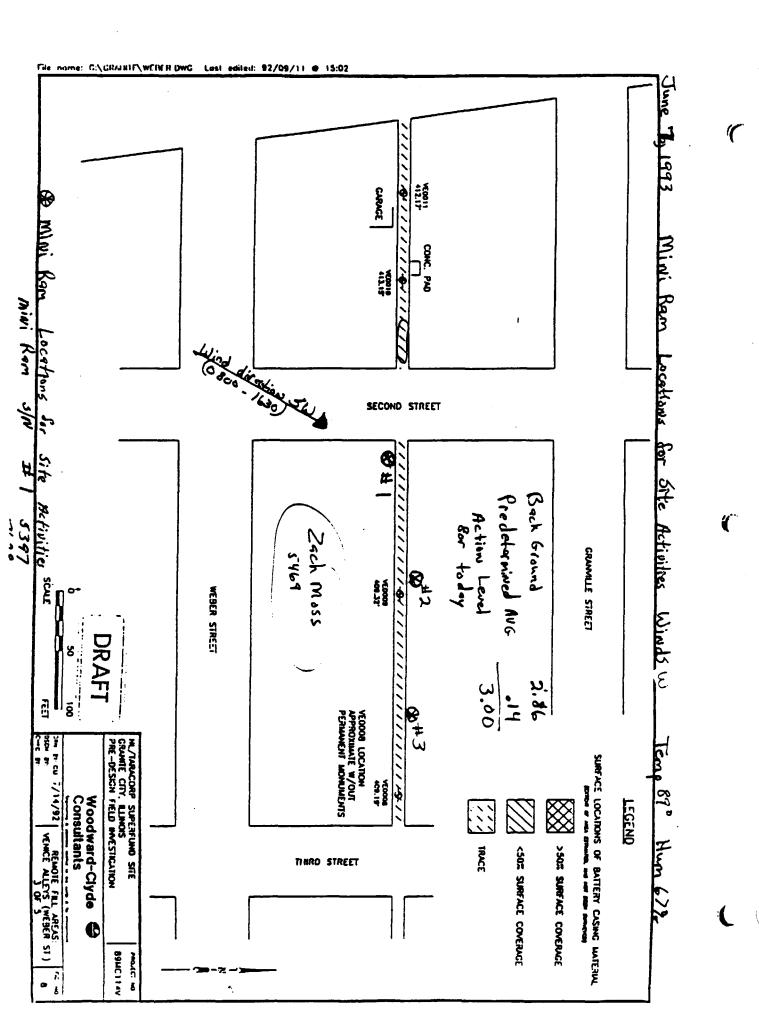
TEL:1-409-982-1522

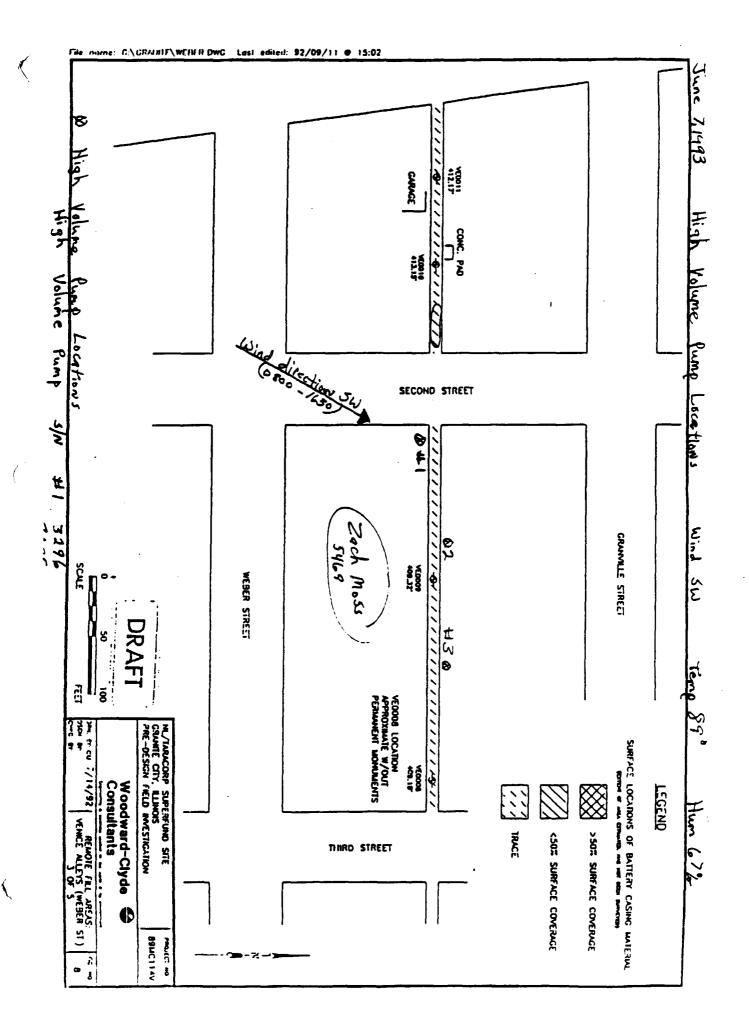
EXHIBIT IV LOCATION MAPS

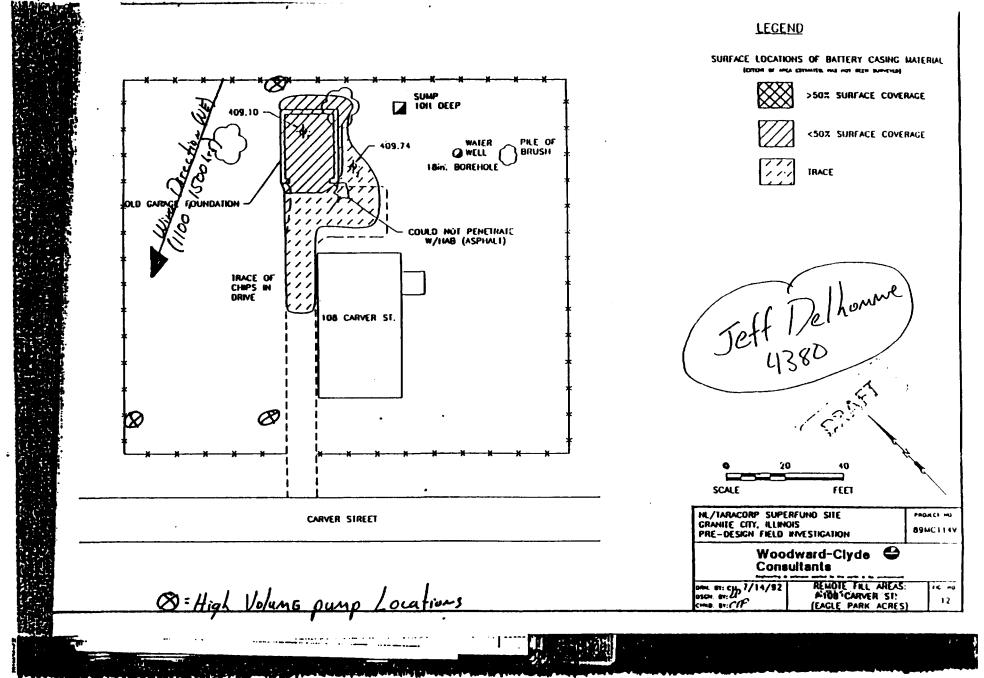


12 3195



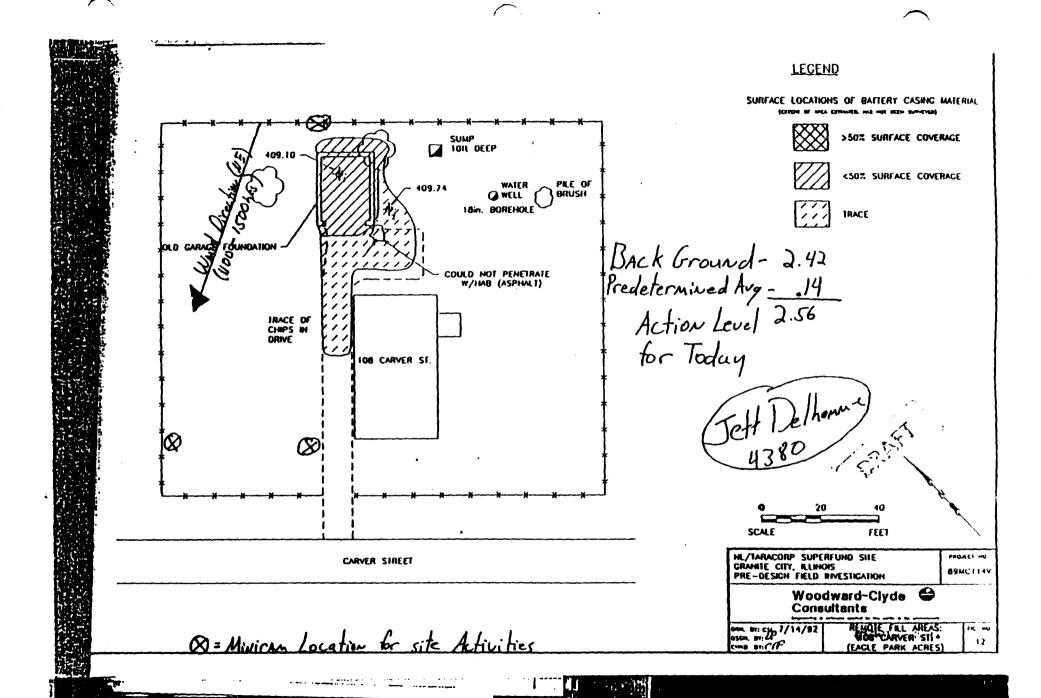






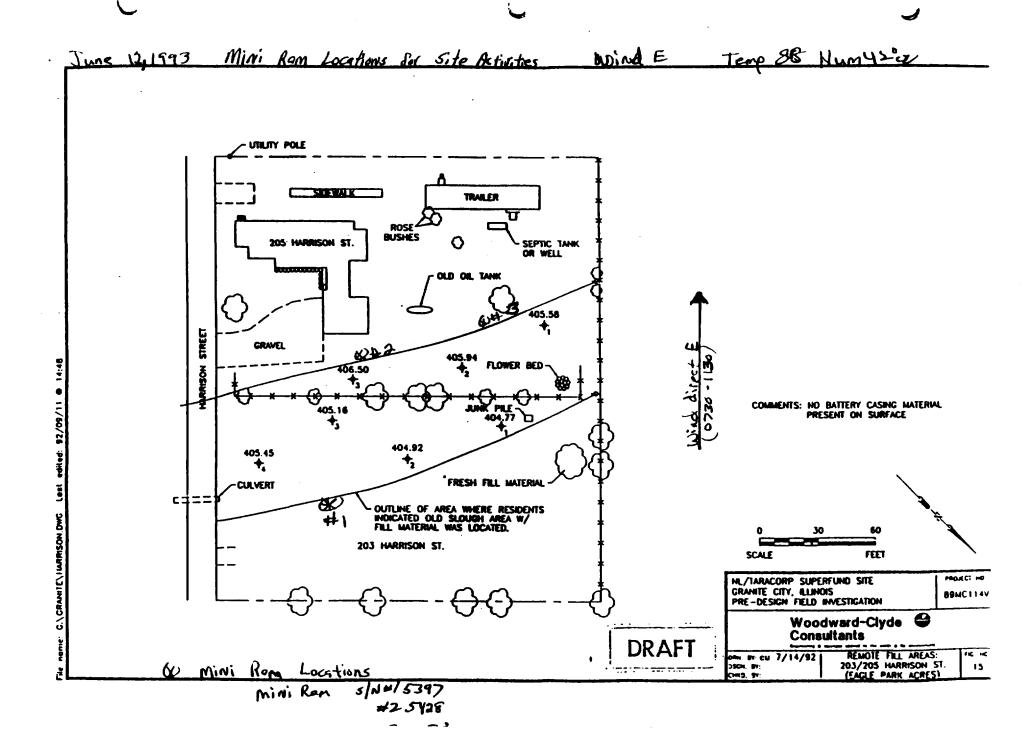
Mission High Volume Pump 5/2 #1-3118 2-2964

7 7797

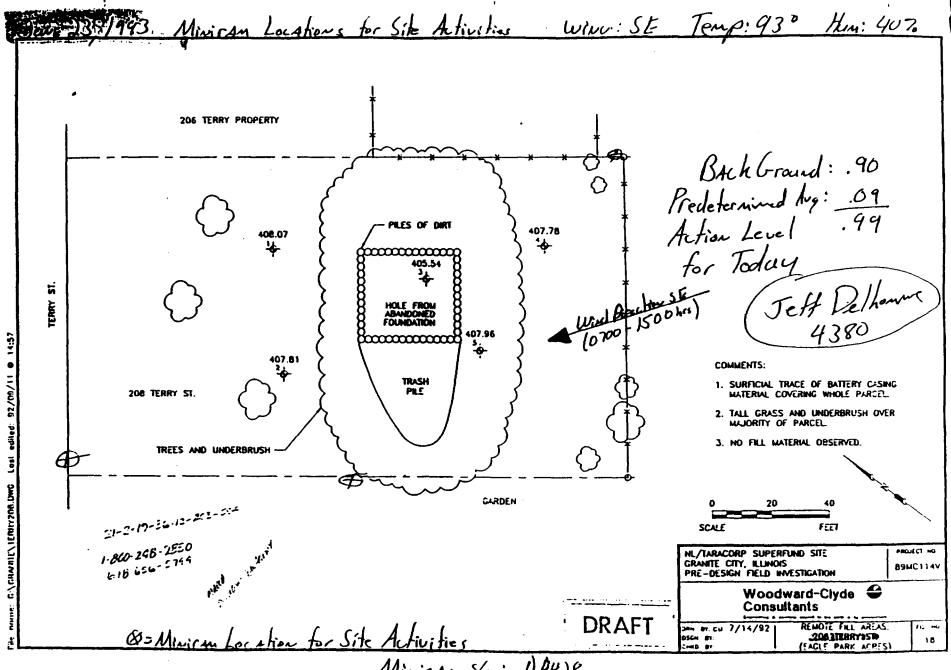


Miniran SN #1-4428 2-5427

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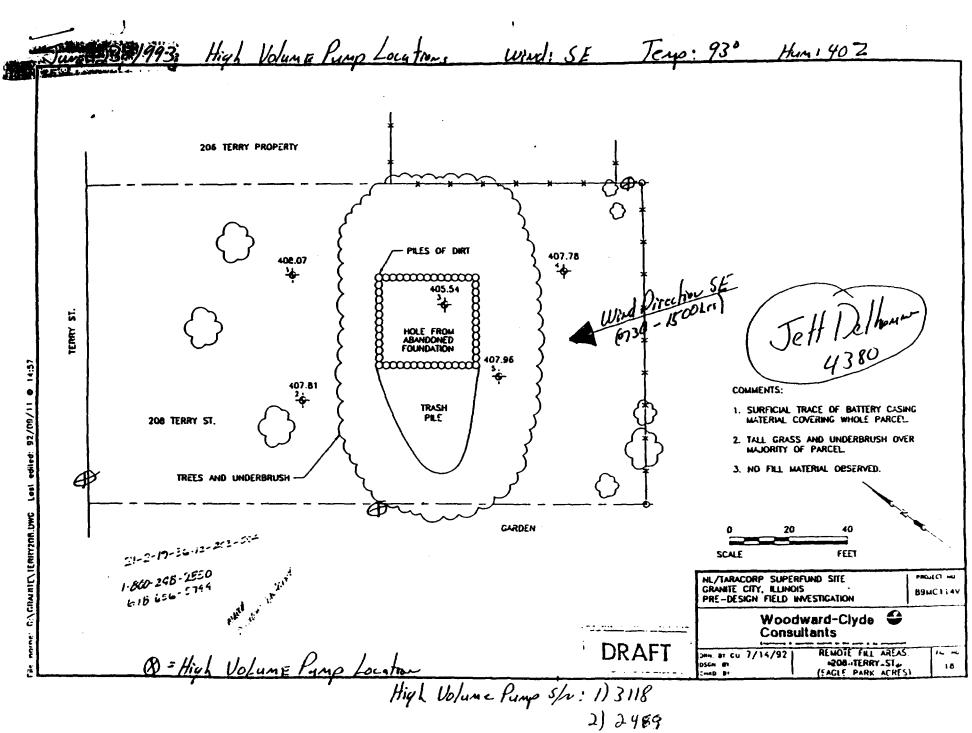


Temp: 80° Hun: 17% JUNE 5, 1993 Minister Locations for Site Activities Wind: (NW) LEGEND SURFACE LOCATIONS OF BATTERY CASING MATERIAL 203 HILL ST. PROPERTY >50% SURFACE COVERAGE <50% SURFACE COVERAGE TRACE COMMENT: TALL GRASS AND UNDERBRUSH OVER MAJORITY OF PARCEL. 100-201 HILL # All Miniran reading for today are below action Level. STREET Jett De l'houre TRACE OF BATTERY CASING MATERIAL BRUSH PILES UTILITY POLE FEET ML/TARACORP SUPERFUND SITE GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS PRE-DESIGN FIELD INVESTIGATION MCKC: HO ROOSEVELT STREET 89MC114V Woodward-Clyde Consultants DRAFT REMOTE FILL AREAS: 116 40 100-201 HILL ST. (EAGLE PARK ACRES) 16

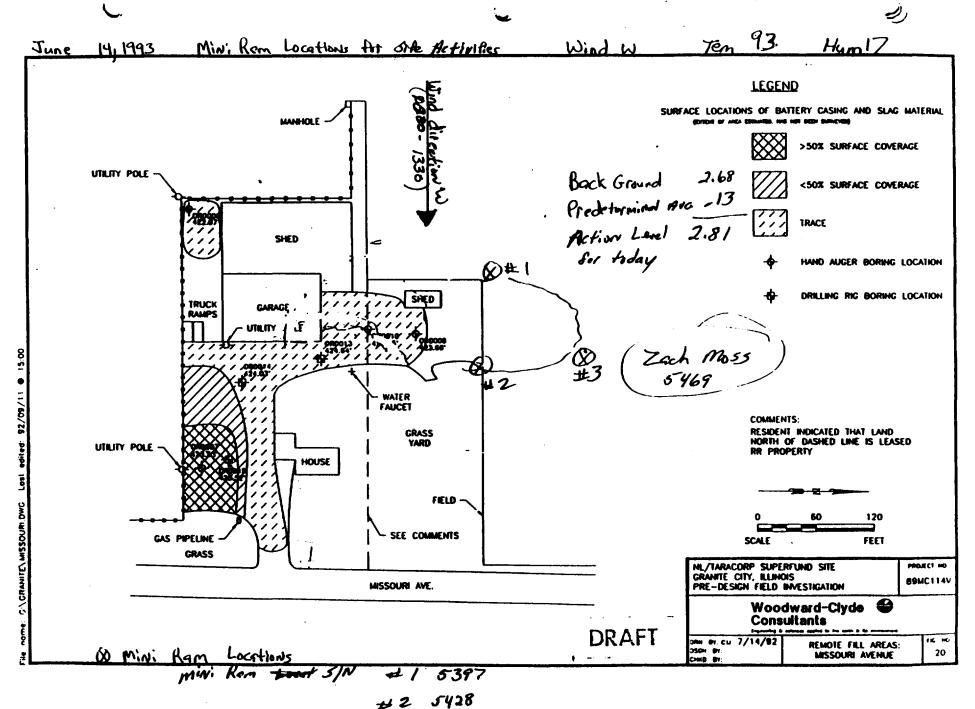


Miniran 5/n: 1) 9428 3) 5427

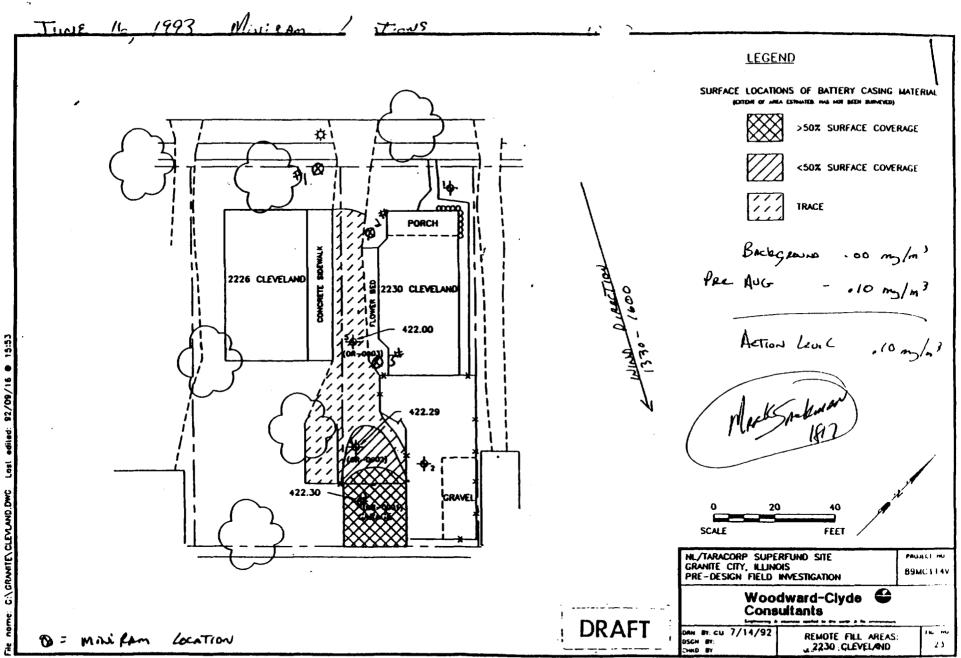
2)4583



2) 2489 71 2147



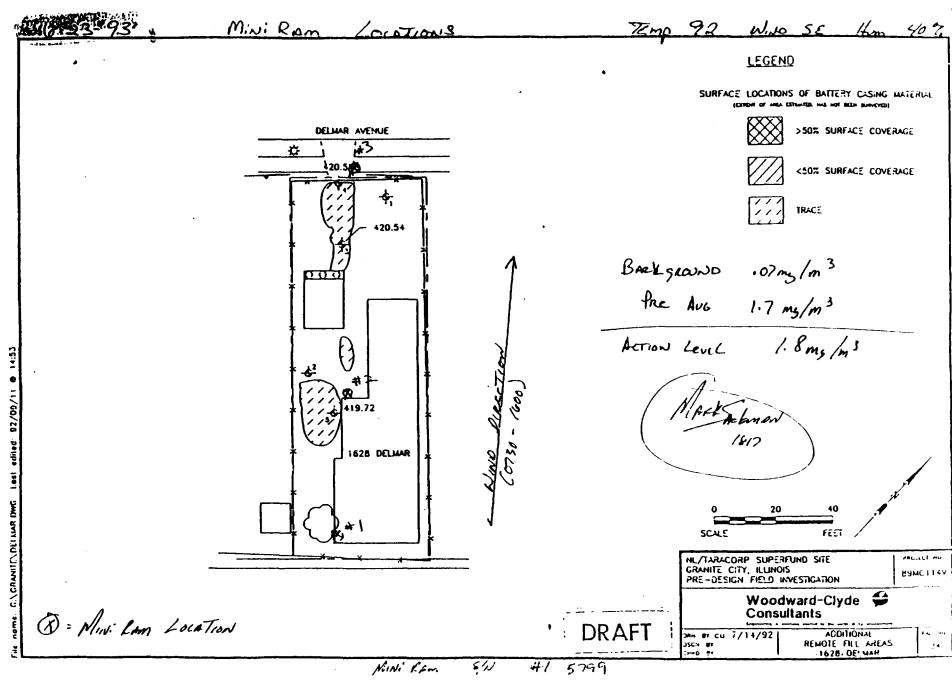
7 1/278



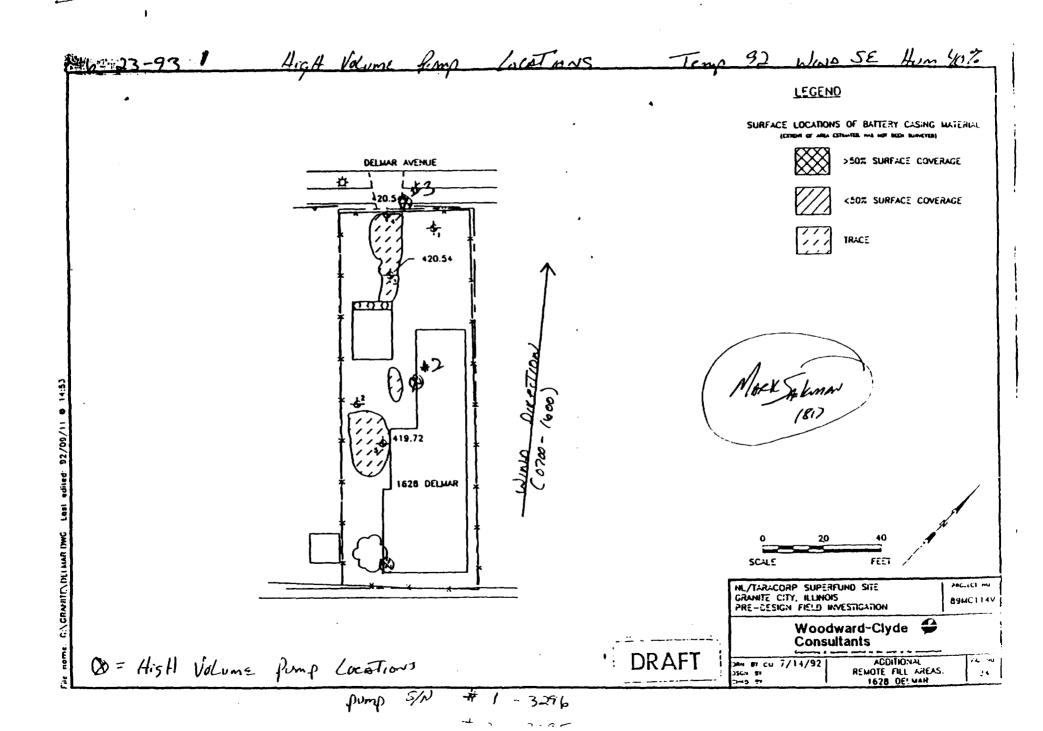
MINI Ran 5/N # 1-3296 2-3295 3-2534

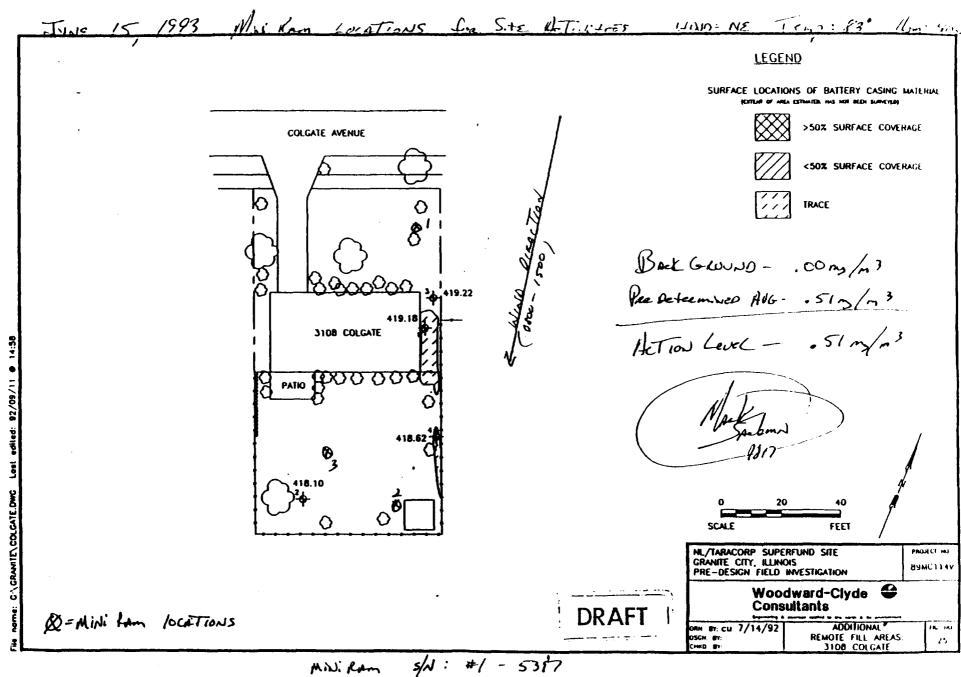
. .

Hell Va = for / cetions LEGEND SURFACE LOCATIONS OF BATTERY CASING MATERIAL >50% SURFACE COVERAGE <50% SURFACE COVERAGE TRACE PORCH 2226 CLEVELAND 기월 2230 CLEVELAND 422.29 GRAVEL SCALE FEET NL/TARACORP SUPERFUND SITE GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS PRE-DESIGN FIELD INVESTIGATION PROJECT NU **B9MC114V** Woodward-Clyde Consultants **DRAFT** 10 = High Well pump locations OMH. BT: CU 7/14/92 Ih, M REMOTE FILL ABEAS. 23

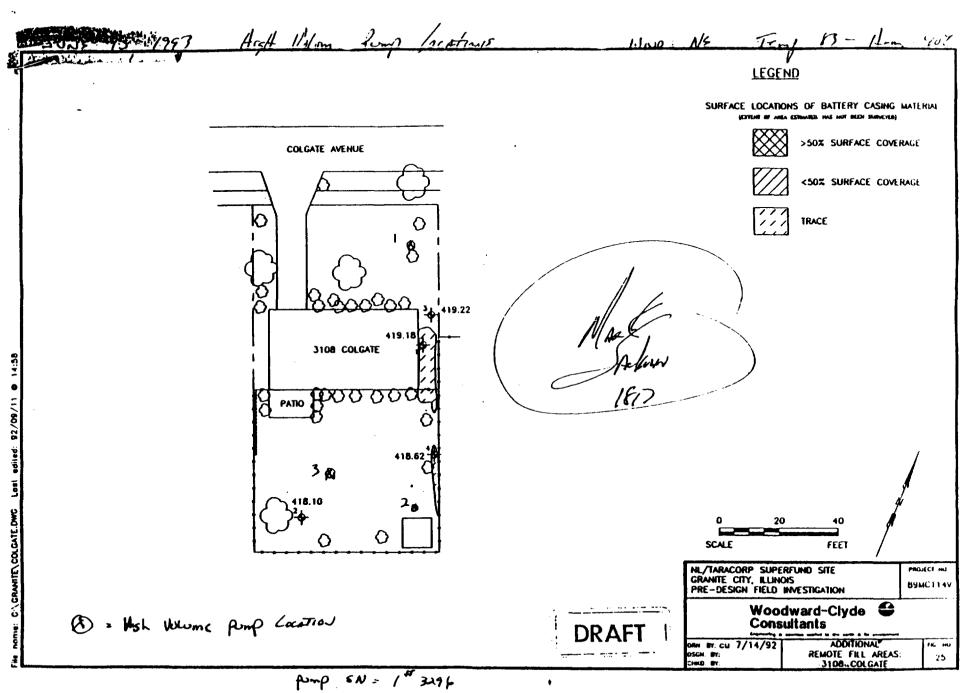


2 5797





ANN: Ram S/N: #/ - 5317 #2 - 5428 #3 - 4378-



3295 # 329 American